PRUDENTIAL AND OTHER INDICATORS 2020-21

The Prudential Indicators are required to be set and approved by Council in accordance with CIPFA's Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities. Table 1 shows the 2019-20 actual capital expenditure, the capital programme approved by Council on 26 February 2020 and the latest projection for the current financial year which has incorporated slippage of schemes from 2019-20 together with any new grants and contributions or changes in the profile of funding.

Table 1:	Prudential	Indicator:	Estimates o	f Capital	Expenditure
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	2019-20 Actual £m	2020-21 Estimate (Council February 2020) £m	2020-21 Projection £m
Council Fund services	22.822	55.954	33.888
Investment Properties	-	0.480	0
TOTAL	22.822	56.434	33.888

All capital expenditure must be financed, either from external sources (government grants and other contributions), the Council's own resources (revenue, reserves and capital receipts) or net financing requirement (borrowing, leasing and Private Finance Initiative). The planned financing of the expenditure has been projected as follows:

Table 2: Capital financing

	2019-20 Actual £m	2020-21 Estimate (Council February 2020) £m	2020-21 Projection £m
External sources	16.199	21.551	15.928
Own resources	1.408	23.664	10.485
Net Financing Requirement	5.215	11.219	7.475
TOTAL	22.822	56.434	33.888

The net financing requirement has fallen compared to the estimate in the Capital Strategy as a result of the reduction in forecast spend, reduction in anticipated external funding sources, and associated reduction in the anticipated level of Prudential Borrowing in the year. The net financing requirement or 'debt' is only a temporary source of finance, since loans and leases must be repaid, and this is therefore replaced over time by other financing, usually from revenue which is known as the Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP). As well as MRP, the

Council makes additional voluntary revenue contributions to pay off Prudential or Unsupported Borrowing. The total of these are shown in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Replacement of debt finance

	2019-20 Actual £m	2020-21 Estimate (Council February 2020) £m	2020-21 Projection £m
Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP)	2.858	2.925	2.925
Additional Voluntary Revenue Provision	1.948	1.505	1.489
Total MRP & VRP	4.833	4.430	4.414
Other MRP on Long term Liabilities	0.690	0.743	0.743
Total Own Resources	5.523	5.173	5.157

The Council's cumulative outstanding amount of debt finance is measured by the Capital Financing Requirement (CFR). This increases with new debt-financed capital expenditure and reduces by the MRP amount within the year. Based on the above figures for expenditure and financing, the Council's estimated CFR is as follows based on the movement on capital expenditure at quarter 3:

Table 4: Prudential Indicator: Estimates of Capital Financing Requirement

	2019-20	2020-21	2020-21
	Actual	Estimate	Projection
	£m	£m	£m
Capital Financing Requirement			
Opening CFR excluding PFI & other			
liabilities	155.084	155.893	155.466
Opening PFI CFR	17.000	16.309	16.310
Total opening CFR	172.084	172.203	171.776
Movement in CFR excluding PFI &			
other liabilities	0.382	6.789	3.061
Movement in PFI CFR	(0.690)	(0.743)	(0.743)
Total movement in CFR	(0.308)	6.046	2.318
Closing CFR	171.776	178.249	174.094
Movement in CFR represented by:			
Net financing need for year (Table 2	5.215	11.219	7.475
above)			
Minimum and voluntary revenue			
provisions	(4.833)	(4.430)	(4.414)
MRP on PFI and other long term			
leases (Table 3)	(0.690)	(0.743)	(0.743)
Total movement	(0.308)	6.046	2.318

The capital borrowing need (Capital Financing Requirement) has not been fully funded with loan debt as cash supporting the Council's reserves, balances and cash flow has been used

as a temporary measure. This is known as Internal Borrowing. Projected levels of the Council's total outstanding debt, which comprises of borrowing, PFI and Other Long Term Liabilities, are shown below compared with the Capital Financing Requirement:-

Table 5: Prudential Indicator: Gross Debt and the Capital Financing Requirement

	2019-20 Actual £m	2020-21 Estimate (Council Feb 20) £m	2020-21 Projection £m
Debt (incl. PFI & leases)	116.867	117.867	113.367
Capital Financing Requirement	171.776	178.249	174.094

Statutory guidance is that debt should remain below the capital financing requirement, except in the short-term. As can be seen, the Council expects to comply with this in the medium term.

The Council is legally obliged to set an affordable borrowing limit (also termed the authorised limit for external debt) each year. In line with statutory guidance, a lower "operational boundary" is also set as a warning level should debt approach the limit. Table 6 below shows these two limits and as the current projection for debt is £113.367 million, it is within the Operational Boundary.

Table 6: Prudential Indicators: Authorised limit and operational boundary for external debt in £m

	2019-20 Actual £m	2020-21 Estimate (Council February 2020) £m	2020-21 Projection £m
Authorised limit – borrowing	145.000	170.000	170.000
Authorised limit – other long term liabilities	30.000	30.000	30.000
Authorised Limit Total	175.000	200.000	200.000
Operational boundary – borrowing	105.000	140.000	140.000
Operational boundary – other long term liabilities	20.000	20.000	20.000
Operational Boundary Limit Total	130.000	165.000	165.000
Total Borrowing and Long Term Liabilities	116.867	117.867	113.367

Although capital expenditure is not charged directly to the revenue budget, interest payable on loans and MRP are charged to revenue, offset by any investment income receivable. The net annual charge is known as financing costs; this is compared to the net revenue stream i.e. the amount funded from Council Tax, business rates and general government grants.

Table 7: Prudential Indicator: Proportion of financing costs to net revenue stream

	2019-20 Actual £m	2020-21 Estimate (Council February 2020) £m	2020-21 Projection £m
Capital Financing Central	6.728	6.995	6.975
Other Financing costs	3.893	3.451	3.451
TOTAL FINANCING COSTS	10.821	10.446	10.426
Proportion of net revenue stream	3.92%	3.85%	3.84%

This shows that in 2019-20, 3.92% of our net revenue income was spent paying back the costs of capital expenditure. The estimate for 2020-21 is 3.84% which is in-line with the approved Capital Strategy.